

# TAB e.module L5.1

**Li-ion Energy Storage System** 



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# 1. Symbol in label, manual and product

<u> </u>	Caution! Warning! Reminding. Safety related information. Risk of battery system failure or life cycle reduces.
	Do not reverse connection the positive and negative.
<b>®</b>	Do not place near open flame.
	Do not place at the children and pet touchable area.
<u> </u>	Warning electric shock.
	Warning Fire. Do not place near flammable material
	Read the product and operation manual before operating the battery system!
<u>_</u>	Grounding.
	Recycle label.
CE	The certificate label for EMC.
Z	Label for Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive (2012/19/EU).
	The certificate label for Safety by SiQ



### 2. Safety Precautions



### Reminding

- 1. It is important and necessary to read the user manual carefully before installing or using battery. Failure to do so or to follow any of the instructions or warnings in this document can result in electrical shock, serious injury, or death, or can damage battery, potentially rendering it inoperable.
- 2. If the battery is stored for long time, it is required to charge every six months, and the SOC should be no less than 90%.
- **3.** Battery needs to be recharged within 12 hours after fully discharged.
- **4.** Do not install the product in outdoor environment, or an environment out of the operation temperature or humidity range listed in manual.
- **5.** Do not expose cable outside.
- **6.** Do not connect power terminal reversely.
- 7. All the battery terminals must be disconnected for maintenance.
- **8.** Please contact the supplier within 24 hours if there is something abnormal.
- **9.** Do not use cleaning solvents to clean battery.
- **10.** Do not expose battery to flammable or harsh chemicals or vapors.
- 11. Do not paint any part of battery, include any internal or external components.
- **12.** Do not connect battery with PV solar wiring directly.
- **13.** Any foreign object is prohibited to insert into any part of battery.
- **14.** The warranty claims are excluded for direct or indirect damage due to items above.



### Warning

## 2.1 Before Connecting

- 1. After unpacking, please check product and packing list first, if product is damaged or lack of parts, please contact with the local retailer.
- 2. Before installation, be sure to cut off the grid power and make sure the battery is in the turned-off mode.
- 3. Wiring must be correct, do not mistake the positive and negative cables, and ensure no short circuit with the external device.
- **4.** It is prohibited to connect the battery and AC power directly.
- **5.** The embedded BMS in the battery is designed for 48VDC, please DO NOT connect battery in series.
- 6. Battery must connect to ground and the resistance must be less than  $0.1\Omega$



- 7. Please ensured the electrical parameters of battery system are compatible to related equipment
- **8.** Keep the battery away from water and fire.

### 2.2 In Operation

- 1. If the battery system needs to be moved or repaired, the power must be cut off and the battery is completely shutdown.
- 2. It is prohibited to connect the battery with different type of battery.
- 3. It is prohibited to connect batteries with faulty or incompatible inverter.
- **4.** It is prohibited to disassemble the battery (QC tab removed or damaged);
- **5.** In case of fire, dry powder fire extinguisher or vast amount of water can be used.
- 6. Please do not open, repair or disassemble the battery except staffs from TAB or authorized by TAB. We do not undertake any consequences or related responsibility which because of violation of safety operation or violating of design, production and equipment safety standards.

#### 3. Introduction

L5.1 lithium iron phosphate battery is the new energy storage product developed and produced under TAB's quality requirements, it can be used to support reliable high power for various types of equipment and systems.

#### 3.1 Features

- **1.** Built-in soft-start function able to reduce current strike when inverter need to start from battery.
- **2.** Active protection on BMS level.
- **3.** Automatic address setting when connect in parallel.
- **4.** Enable 97% depth of discharge, available for the inverter which completely follow TAB latest protocol to operate.
- **5.** The module is non-toxic, non-pollution and environmentally friendly.
- **6.** Cathode material is made from LiFePO4 with safety performance and long cycle life.
- **7.** Battery management system (BMS) has protection functions including over-discharge, over-charge, over-current and high/low temperature.
- **8.** The system can automatically manage charge and discharge state and balance voltage of each cell.
- **9.** Flexible configuration, multiple battery modules can be in parallel for expanding capa-

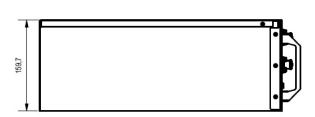


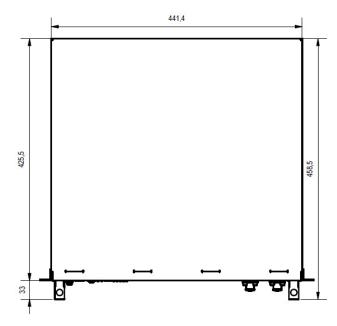


- city and power.
- 10. Adopted self-cooling mode rapidly reduced system entire noise.
- 11. The module has less self-discharge, up to 6 months without charging it on shelf, no memory effect, excellent performance of shallow charge and discharge.
- **12.** Small size and light weight, standard of 19-inch embedded designed module is comfortable for installation and maintenance.
- **13.** Compatible with the 48V e.module series battery of TAB.

### 3.2 Specification



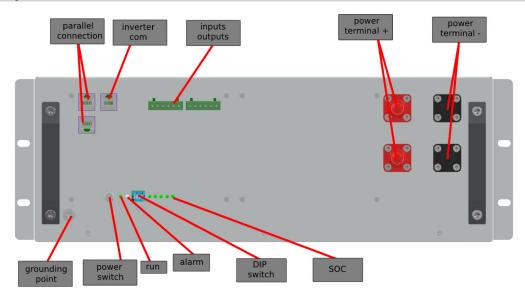






### 3.3 Equipment interface instruction

### L5.1 front panel



#### Start (SW)

Turn on: press the button for 1s to start the battery.

Turn off: press the button for 1s to turn off the battery.

#### RUN

Green LED flashing or lighting to show the battery running status.

### Alarm (ALM)

Red LED flashing to show the battery has alarm; lighting to show the battery is under protection.

Warning: In case of a warning ALM LED starts blinking yellow.

Alarm: In case of an alarm ALM LED starts blinking red. The module disconnects itself from the system, other modules in a string continue working.

Critical Alarm: In case of a critical error all leds start blinking. Color led starts blinking red.

The whole system stops operating for safety reasons.

#### SOC

LEDs to show the battery's current capacity.



### Dip Switch (ADD)

Dip1:

Dip2:

Dip3: Standalone mode, battery is working without connected inverter.

Dip4: CAN terminal resistance on BMS side. 1: NONE. 0: connected. After change, no restart required.

### Contact

Pin1	Ground for DI/DO	GND ISO
Pin2	VDD for DI/DO	VDD ISO
Pin3	Not defined	DO1
Pin4	Not defined	D02
Pin5	Not defined	DI1
Pin6	Not defined	DI2
Pin7		Relay 1 COM
Pin8	Low SOC Signal – Reay switches on when SOC drops below 15%.	Relay 1 NO
Pin9		Relay 1 NC
Pin10		Relay 2 COM
Pin11	Charge Enabled – Relay switches on when charging is enabled.	Relay 2 NO
Pin12		Relay 2 NC

### CAN

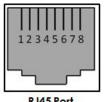
500 Kbps. Recommended  $120\Omega$ . To inverter or upper battery.

### Link Port 0, 1

For communication between multiple parallel batteries.

### **Definition of RJ45 Port Pin**

	COM Port
Pin1	Not used
Pin2	GND
Pin3	Not used
Pin4	CAN-H
Pin5	CAN-L
Pin6	Not used
Pin7	RS485_A
Pin8	RS485_B



**RJ45 Port** 



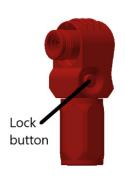




#### **Power Terminals**

Power cable terminals: there are two pair of terminals with same function, one connects to equipment, the other one paralleling to other battery module for capacity expanding.

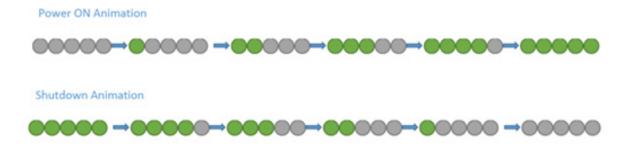
For power cables uses self-locked connectors. must keep pressing this Lock Button while pulling out the power plug.



#### **LED Status Indicators**

Condition	RUN	ALR	1	2	3	4	5
Power off	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Power on	-	-		Show Po	ower on A	nimation	
Idle/Normal	-	-			Show SOC		
Charge		-	Show SOC; highest LED flash				
Discharge	•	-	Show SOC				
Warning	•	•	Show SOC				
Alarm	-	•	Turned OFF				
Critical Alarm	-	Blink with RED		Blink with	LEDs, 400	ms period	
Shutdown	-	-		Show Sh	nutdown A	nimation	

00000	SOC ≤ 10%
00000	10% < SOC ≤ 20%
00000	20% < SOC ≤ 40%
00000	40% < SOC ≤ 60%
00000	60% < SOC ≤ 80%
00000	80% < SOC



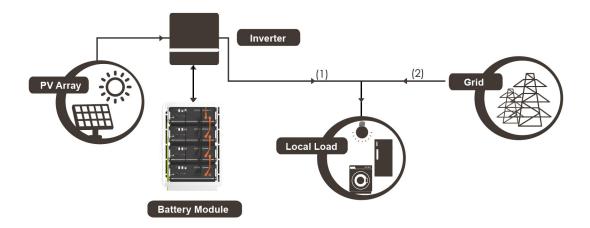


#### **BMS** basic function

Protection and alarm	Management and monitor
Charge/Discharge End	Cells Balance
Charge Over Voltage	Intelligent Charge Model
Discharge Under Voltage	Charge/Discharge Current Limit
Charge/Discharge Over Current	Capacity Retention Calculate
High/Low Temperature(cell/BMS)	Administrator Monitor
Short Circuit	Operation Record
	Power Cable Reverse
	Soft start of inverter

## 4. Safe handling of lithium batteries guide

### 4.1 Schematic diagram of solution



### 4.2 Danger label



### **DANGER**



#### DANGER LOW DC VOLTAGE INSIDE DANGER ARC FLASH & SHOCK HAZARD



- \* Do not disconnect or disassemble by non-professional personnel.
- \* Do not drop, deform, impact, cut or spearing with a sharp object.
- \* Do not place at a children or pet touchable area.

  \* Do not place near open flame or flammable material.
- \* Do not cover or wrap the product case.
- \* Do not sit or put heavy things on battery.
- \* Do not touch the leaking liquid.
- \* Avoid of direct sunlight.
- \* Avoid of moisture or liquid.
  \* Make sure the grounding connection set correctly before operation.
- \* If leaking, fire, wet or damaged, switch off the breaker on DC side and
- stay away from battery.

  \* Contact your supplier within 24 hours if anything failure happens.







## 4.3 Tools

The following tools are required to install the battery pack



#### NOTE

Use properly insulated tools to prevent accidental electric shock or short circuits.

If insulated tools are not available, cover the entire exposed metal surfaces of the available tools, except their tips, with electrical tape.

### 4.4 Safety Gear

It is recommended to wear the following safety gear when dealing with the battery pack.





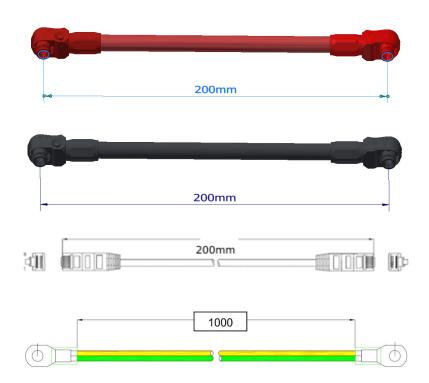
### 5. Installation and operation

### 5.1 Package items

Unpacking and check:

#### 1. For battery module package:

- · Battery Module,
- 2 \* 200mm 25mm2 power cables,
- 1 \* 200mm RJ45 communication cable,
- 1 \* 1000mm 6mm2 grounding cable.



#### 2. For External cable kits:

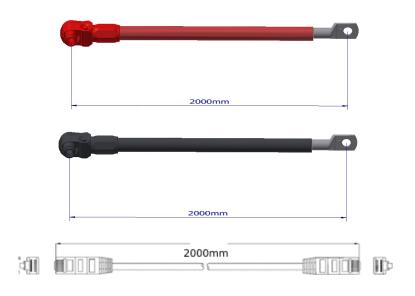
#### NOTE

Power and communication cables connect to inverter belongs to an **External Cable Kit**, **NOT include in battery carton box**. They are in another **extra** small cable box. If there is anything missed, please contact dealer.

- 2 \* 2000mm power cables (25mm2, peak current capacity 120A, constant 100A) and communication cable for each energy storage system.
- 1 \* 2000mm RJ45 communication cable, specification as below:







SN of RJ45cable	Mark	Pin	
- L5.1 RACK KIT CABLE e.storage	Battery-Inverter	1∼8: pin to pin	For connection to inverter

For the external cables, the length shall be less than 2 meters.

#### 5.2 Installation location

Make sure that the installation location meets the following conditions:

- 1. The area is completely waterproof.
- 2. The floor is flat and level.
- 3. There are no flammable or explosive materials.
- 4. The ambient temperature is within the range from 0°C to 50°C.
- 5. The temperature and humidity are maintained at a constant level.
- 6. There is minimal dust and dirt in the area.
- 7. The distance from heat source is more than 2 meters.
- 8. The distance from air outlet of inverter is more than 0.5 meters.
- 9. The installation areas shall avoid of direct sunlight.
- 10. There is no mandatory ventilation requirements for battery module, but please avoid of installation in confined area. The aeration shall avoid of high salinity, hu-midity or temperature.

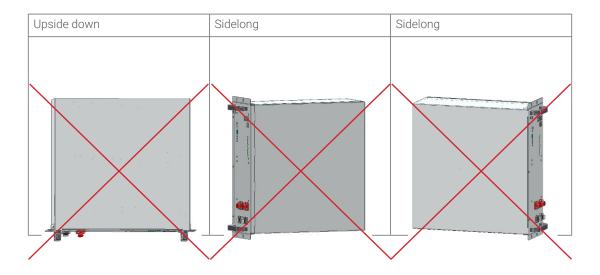
#### Caution

If the ambient temperature is out of the operating range, the battery stops operating to protect itself. The optimal temperature range for the battery pack to operate is 10°C to 35°C. Frequent exposure to harsh temperatures may deteriorate the performance and life of the battery.

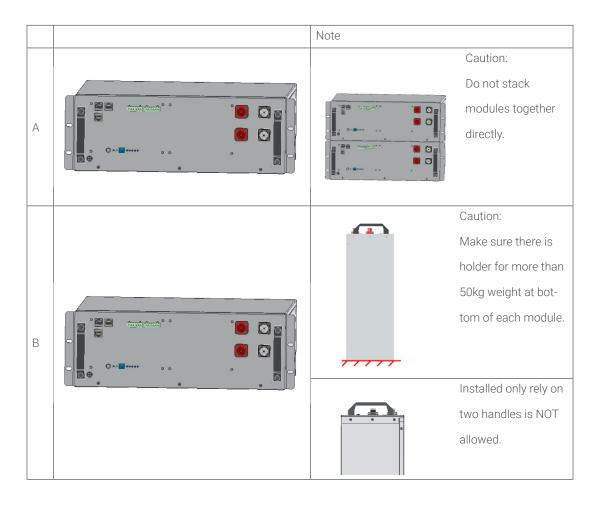


### **5.3 Installation Direction**

#### **NOT allowed:**



### Recommended:





### 5.4 Grounding

Grounding cables shall be 6mm2 or higher yellow-green cables. After con- nection, the



- resistance from battery grounding point to Ground connection point of room or installed place shall smaller than  $0.1\Omega$ .
- 1. based on metal directly touch between the module's surface and rack's surface. If using painted rack, the corresponding place shall remove the painting.
- **2.** install a grounding cable to the grounding point of the modules.

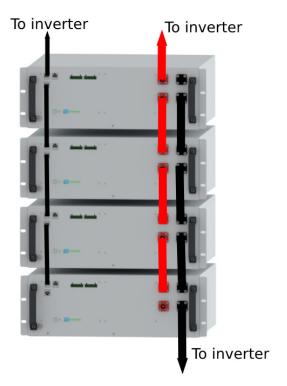
#### 5.5 Put into cabinet or rack

Put battery modules into cabinet and connect the cables:



- 1. Put the battery into the cabinet.
- **2.** Drive the 4 pcs screws.
- **3.** Connect the cables between battery modules.
- 4. Connect the cables to inverter.







- **1.** follow local electric safety and installation policy, a suitable disconnection device between battery system and inverter could be required.
- 2. all the installation and operation must follow local electric standard.

#### 5.6 Suitable disconnection device

It is recommended to have a disconnection device for protection between battery system and inverter:

- 1. The rated voltage shall ≥60V DC. Do **NOT** use AC breaker.
- 2. The rated current shall match with system design:

#### shall consider:

- · the maximum DC current on inverter side,
- the number of power cable: for instance, if only one pair of 25mm2 cable, the rated current of breaker shall be 125A or smaller.
- **3.** If using breaker, the type shall be type C (recommended) or type D.

The Icu required:

the maximum short circuit current for calculation of each module is 6500A.

For instance:

	Icu of breaker
1~2 modules	Must ≥15kA
3~8 modules	Must ≥20kA

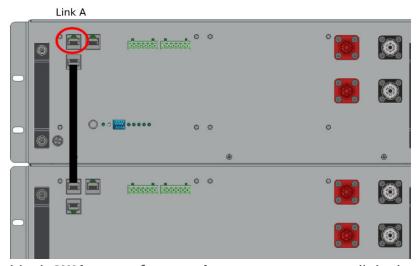


#### 5.7 Power on

Double check all the power cable and communication cable between batteries and between battery and inverter. Switch ON the disconnection device between battery and inverter if available.

#### For L5.1:

1. The one with **empty Link A** is the **Master Battery** Module, others are slaves (1 master battery configure with maximum 31 slave batteries):



2. Press the black SW button of master battery to power on, all the battery LED light will be on one by one from the Master battery:

#### Note:

- **1.** After the battery module powered on, the soft-start function takes **3sec** to active. After soft-starts battery ready to output high power.
- 2. During capacity expansion or replacement, when parallel different SOC/voltage of module together, it is recommended to maintain the system in idle for ≥15mins or till the SOC LEDs becomes similar (≤1dot difference) before normal operation.

#### 5.8 Power off

- **1.** Turn external power source off.
- 2. Press black SW switch of master battery. Then all batteries will off.
- 3. Switch OFF the disconnection device between battery system and inverter, if available, disconnect power cables.



### 6. Trouble shooting

Communication related problem

Unable to communicate with inverter on compatible list.

#### Possible conditions:

- 1. CAN: pin. Try connects the CAN-H, L, GND only and do not connect other pins to inverter. Using the correct cable.
- Functional related problem
- 1. Whether the battery can be turned on or not
- 2. If battery is turned on, check the red light is off, flashing or lighting
- **3.** If the red light is off, check whether the battery can be charged/discharged or not.

#### Possible conditions:

- 1. Battery cannot turn on, press the black SW the lights are all no lighting or flashing.
  - a) Capacity too low, or module over discharged.
  - **solution:** use a charge or inverter to provide 48-53.5V voltage. If battery can start, then keep charge the module and use monitor tools to check the battery log.

If battery terminal voltage is  $\leq$ 45Vdc, please use  $\leq$ 0.05C to slowly charge the module to avoid affect to SOH.

If battery terminal voltage is >45Vdc, it can use ≤0.5C to charge.

If battery cannot start, turn off battery and repair.

- 2. The battery can turn on, but red light is lighting, and cannot charge or discharge.

  If the red light is lighting, that means system is abnormal, please check values as following
  - b) Temperature: Above 60°C or under -10°C, the battery could not work.

**Solution:** to move battery to the normal operating temperature range between 0°C and 50°C



#### Possible conditions:

- 1. Battery cannot turn on, press the black SW the lights are all no lighting or flashing.
  - a) Capacity too low, or module over discharged. **solution:** use a charge or inverter to provide 48-53.5V voltage. If battery can start, then keep charge the module and use monitor tools to check the battery log.

If battery terminal voltage is  $\leq$ 45Vdc, please use  $\leq$ 0.05C to slowly charge the module to avoid affect to SOH.

If battery terminal voltage is >45Vdc, it can use  $\leq$ 0.5C to charge.

If battery cannot start, turn off battery and repair.

- 2. The battery can turn on, but red light is lighting, and cannot charge or discharge.

  If the red light is lighting, that means system is abnormal, please check values as following
  - b) Temperature: Above 60°C or under -10°C, the battery could not work. **Solution:** to move battery to the normal operating temperature range between 0°C and 50°C
  - c) Current: If current exceeds 100A, battery protection will turn on. **Solution:** Check whether current is too large or not, if it is, change the settings on power supply side.
  - d) High Voltage: If charging voltage above 58.4V, battery protection will turn on. **Solution:** Check whether voltage is too high or not, if it is, to change the settings on power supply side. And discharge the module.
  - e) Low Voltage: When the battery discharges to 44.8V or less, battery protection will turn on.

**Solution:** Charge the battery till the red light turns off.

f) Cell voltage high. The module voltage is lower than 58.4V, SOC LED does not all on. When discharge the module protection disappear.

**Solution:** keep charge the module by 58.4V or keep the system cycle. The BMS can balance the cell during cycling.



- 3. Unable to charge and discharge with red LED on. The temperature is 0~50 degree. Use charger to charge, not possible. Use load to discharge, not possible.
  - g) Under permanent protection. The single cell voltage has been higher than 3.8 or lower than 2.0 or temperature higher than 80 degree.

Solution: Switch off the module and contact your local distributor for repair.

- **4.** Unable to charge and discharge without red LED on. The temperature is 0~50 degree. Use charger to charge, not possible. Use load to discharge, not possible.
  - h) Fuse broken.

**Solution:** Switch off the module and contact your local distributor for repair.

#### **5.** All LED flash

i) High voltage protection.

Cell voltage higher than 3.8V or module voltage higher than 58.4V.

Solution: Battery system requires properly established communication with inverter and correctly settings on inverter to run safely. Check the setting of the inverter or charger, the charge voltage shall be 58.4Vdc; Check the communication between battery system and inverter whether established or not; Check the ADD switch on battery module whether is set correctly or not;

Under this condition, the BMS remains functional without damage. Just leave the module switched OFF and wait for the battery voltage drop down naturally (15mins) then restart. If then no alarm comes out, this means the module is ready for work

#### 6. ALM solid red

i) Reverse connection of cables.

**Solution:** Power off all battery and inverters. Disconnect breaker. Check the cable connection and disconnect all power cables. Check the power port damaged or not. Then try turn on the single module, without any cable connected. If no alarm, then it is reverse connection of cables. Switch off the module and contact your local distributor.

k) MOSFAIL.

**Solution:** Power off all battery and inverters. Disconnect breaker. Check the cable connection and disconnect all power cables. Check the power port damaged or not. Check the setting of inverter or charger, check the communication between inverter and battery system.





Try turn on the single module, without any cable connected. If still buzzer rings. Then switch off the module and contact your local distributor.

Excluding the points above, if the faulty still cannot be located, turn off battery and contact your local distributor.

### 7. Emergency Situations

#### 1. **Leaking Batteries**

If the battery pack leaks electrolyte, avoid contact with the leaking liquid or gas. If one is exposed to the leaked substance, immediately perform the actions de-scribed below.

- a) Inhalation: Evacuate the contaminated area and seek medical attention.
- b) Contact with eyes: Rinse eyes with flowing water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention.
- c) Contact with skin: Wash the affected area thoroughly with soap and water and seek medical attention.

Ingestion: Induce vomiting and seek medical attention.

#### 2. Fire

If detect the battery cell is catching fire, firstly cut off the external power source. Then use vast of water for suppression. After fire suppressed, soaking battery within water and contact TAB or an authorized dealer. If detect the cabling or other components (not battery cell) is catching fire. Firstly, cut off the external power source. Then use dry powder fire or carbon dioxide extin-guisher for suppression.

#### 3. **Wet Batteries**

If the battery pack is wet or submerged in water, do not let people access it, and then contact TAB or an authorized dealer for technical support. Cut off all power switch on inverter side.

#### 4. **Damaged Batteries**

Damaged batteries are dangerous and must be handled with the utmost care. They are not fit for use and may pose a danger to people or property. If the battery pack seems to be damaged, pack it in its original container, and then return it to TAB or an authorized dealer.





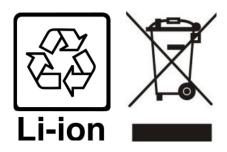
#### Caution

Damaged batteries may leak electrolyte or produce flammable gas.

#### 8. Remarks

### **Recycle and disposal**

In case a battery (normal condition or damaged) needs disposal or needs recycling, it shall follow the local recycling regulation (i.e. Regulation (EC) N° 1013/2006 among European Union) to process, and using the best available techniques to achieve a relevant recycling efficiency.



### Storage, Maintenance and Expansion

- 1. It is required to charge the battery at least once every 6 months, for this charge maintenance make sure the SOC is charged to higher than 90%
- 2. Every year after installation. The connection of power connector, grounding point, power cable and screw are suggested to be checked. Make sure there is no loose, no broken, no corrosion at connection point. Check the installation environment such as dust, water, insect etc. make sure it is suitable for IP20 battery system.
- 3. A new battery module can be add onto an existing system at any time. Please make sure the new battery is acting as the master. The new module, due to a higher SOH may have a difference on SOC with existing system, but it will not affect the parallel connection system performance.

# PURE ENERGY, MAXIMUM POWER

